

# Application of innovative geochronology techniques in geoscience mapping and exploration

**Professor Brent McInnes**

John de Laeter Centre

Curtin University

22 February 2019



# What is the John de Laeter Centre?

- Modern centralised research infrastructure facility at Curtin University
- Founded 1992 by Professor John de Laeter as Centre for Mass Spectrometry
  - co-operation between Curtin, UWA and the Geological Survey of Western Australia
- 30 staff operating \$35M in instrumentation across 15 laboratories
- Support applied research projects with mineral, petroleum and chemical industries

## JdLC Mission, Themes and Objectives

Build world-class analytical and characterisation infrastructure to support research excellence and foster end-user driven, collaborative programs		
Enabling Technology	Research Excellence	Access & Optimisation
Acquire & maintain world-class research technology	Attract & retain research academics & innovators	Attract & retain professional staff to optimise technology usage
Build integrated, purpose-built facilities	Develop new techniques & innovations	Facilitate access to academic, industry & government end-users





<http://idlc.curtin.edu.au>



## Facilities, Locations & Science Leaders

1. Ion Microprobe – A Kennedy
2. Microscopy - Z Quadir
3. Digital Mineralogy – M Aylmore
4. Thermal Ionization MS– S Tessalina
5. Noble Gas MS – F Jourdan
6. Laser MC-ICP-MS – N Evans
7. Materials Separation – A Kumara
8. Surface Analysis – JP Veder
9. Diffraction & Scattering – M Rowles
10. High P-T Synthesis – K Evans
11. Atom Probe – D Saxey
12. FIB/TOF - W Rickard
13. GeoHistory – M Danisik
14. TEM – K Merigot
15. TRACE/HR-ICP-MS – B Ware



# JdLC: A “one-stop shop” for geoscientists

- **Sample preparation**

- Selfrag UHV pulse fragmentation
- Magnetic and heavy liquid separation
- Polished mounts

- **Sample characterisation**

- Automated mineralogy (TIMA)
- XRD
- Solution ICP-MS
- Laser ablation chemical mapping
- TOF-SIMS mapping
- Atom probe analysis

- **Geochronology and thermochronology**

- Re-Os (sulfides, black shales, bitumen)
- $^{40}\text{Ar}/^{39}\text{Ar}$  (K-bearing rocks and minerals)
- U-Pb (zircon, monazite, titanite....)
  - SHRIMP and ELA-ICP-MS
- U-He (zircon, apatite, Fe-oxides)
- Rb-Sr (Rb-bearing minerals and shales)

- **Isotope Analysis**

- Re-Os
- Lu-Hf
- Sm-Nd
- Rb-Sr
- Pb-Pb
- Ag



# Application of innovative geochronology techniques in geoscience mapping and exploration: Examples

## *1. SHRIMP U-Pb Age Geochronology*

- *GSWA Geological Mapping - Zircon*
- *Yilgarn Gold Metallogeny – Xenotime & Monazite*
- *Regional Exploration - Cassiterite*

## *2. Sulfide Geochronology (Re-Os)*

## *3. Regolith Geochronology (U-He)*



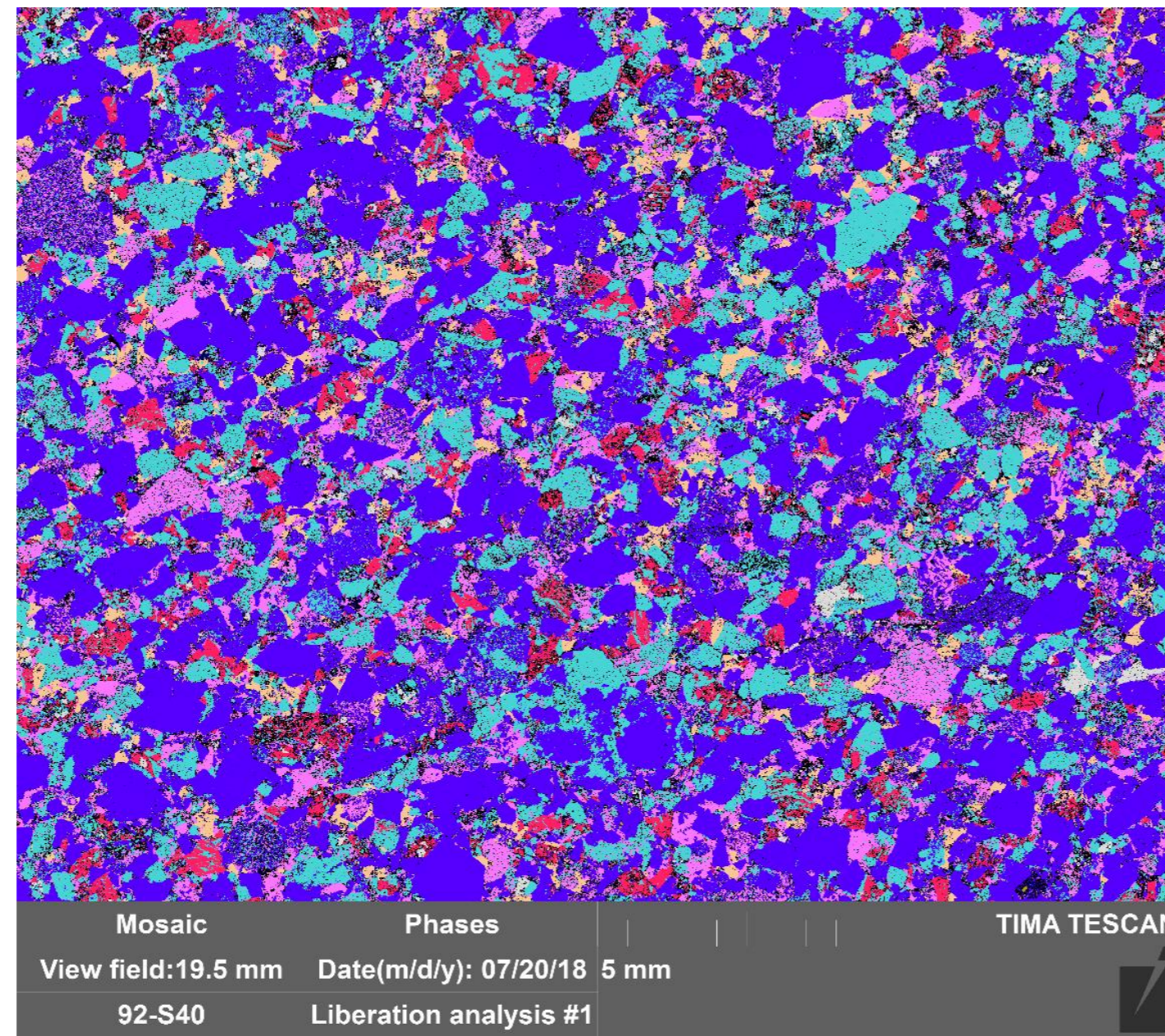
# Mineralogy-based Analytical Workflow

Automated mineralogy  
Characterisation by *Tescan  
Integrated Mineral Analyser  
(TIMA)*

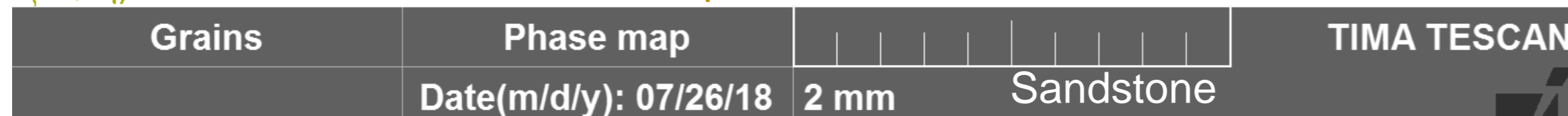


TIMA  
Digital Mineralogy Hub Facility

Only small rock chip  
samples required (grain  
mounts, thin sections or  
polished sections ), to  
identify and target  
appropriate minerals for in  
situ analysis



Apatite

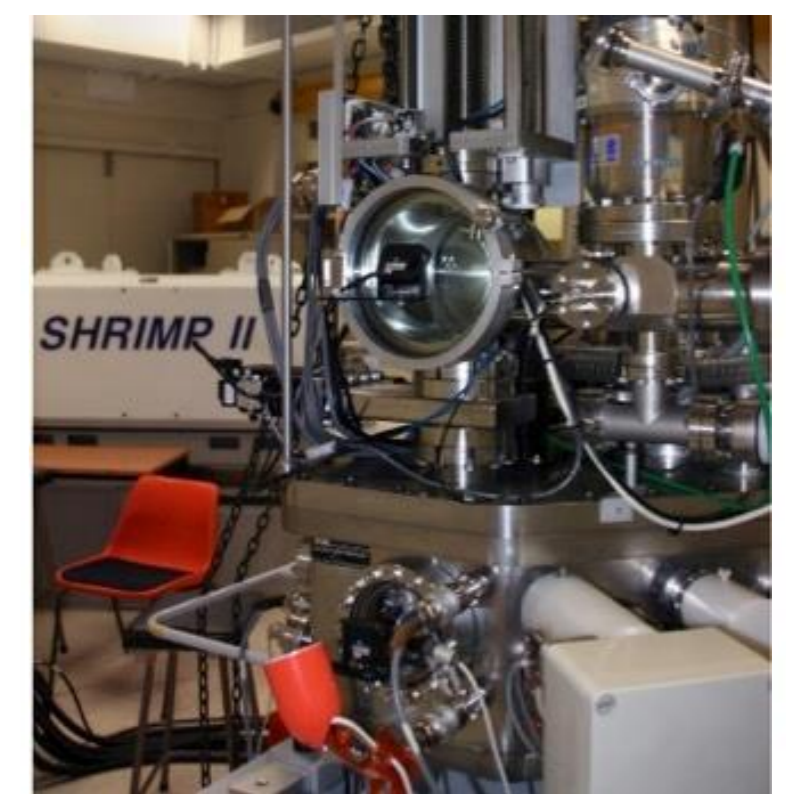


SHRIMP U-Pb  
(zircon, monazite,  
xenotime, etc.)

Laser ablation ICP-MS  
U-Pb and (U-Th)/He  
(zircon, monazite, apatite,  
etc.)

Laser ablation ICP Triple  
Quad (ICP-QQQ)-MS  
Rb-Sr dating of K-rich  
minerals (clays, micas & K-  
feldspar, etc.)

Laser ablation MC-ICP-MS  
Lu-Hf isotope systematics  
of zircon



SHRIMP II B  
Sensitive High Resolution Ion Micro  
Probe Facility (SHRIMP)





## Geochronology sample locations, January 2019

New results and data in preparation:

◆ GSWA, new samples dated in 2018 (n = 90)

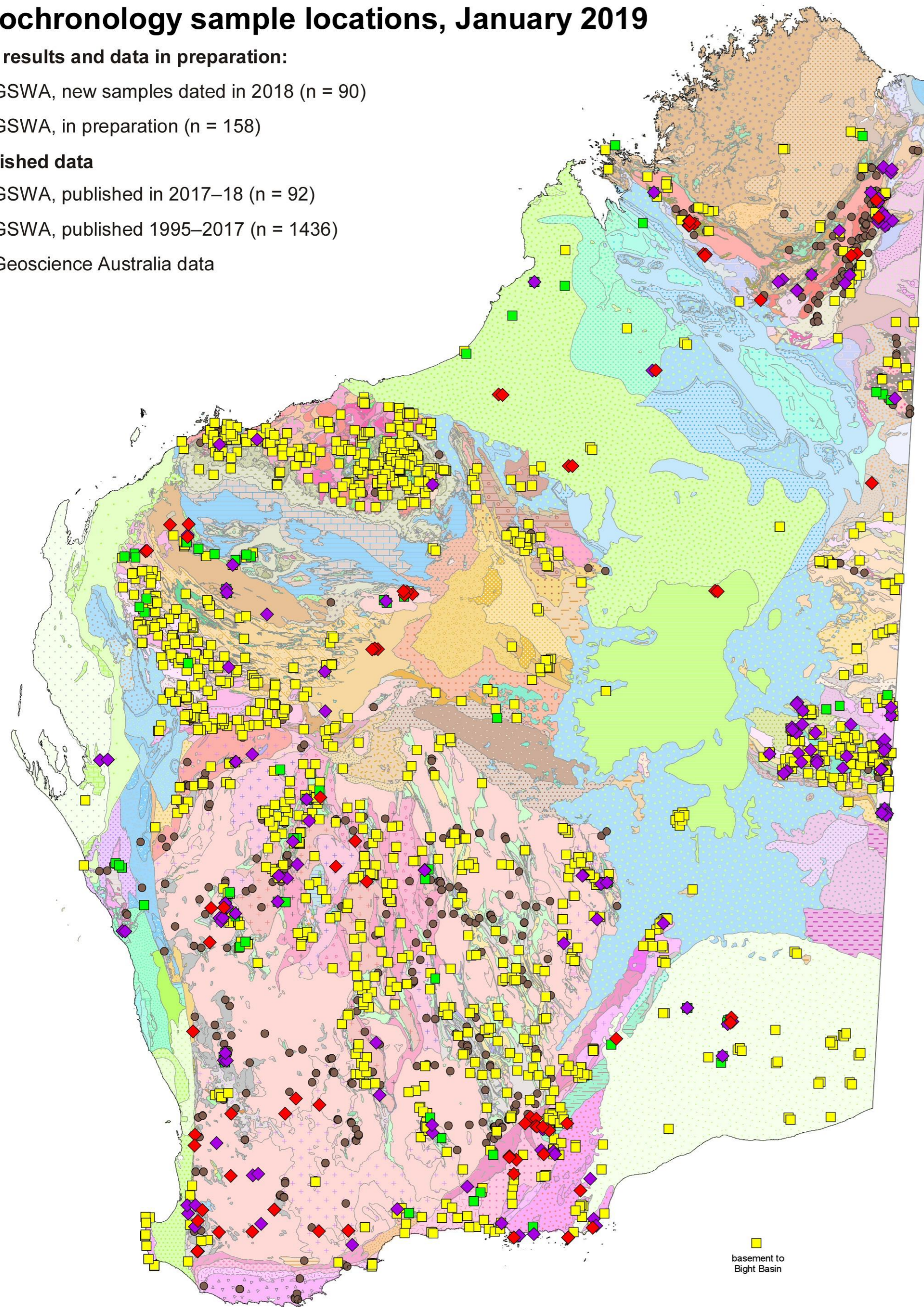
◆ GSWA, in preparation (n = 158)

Published data

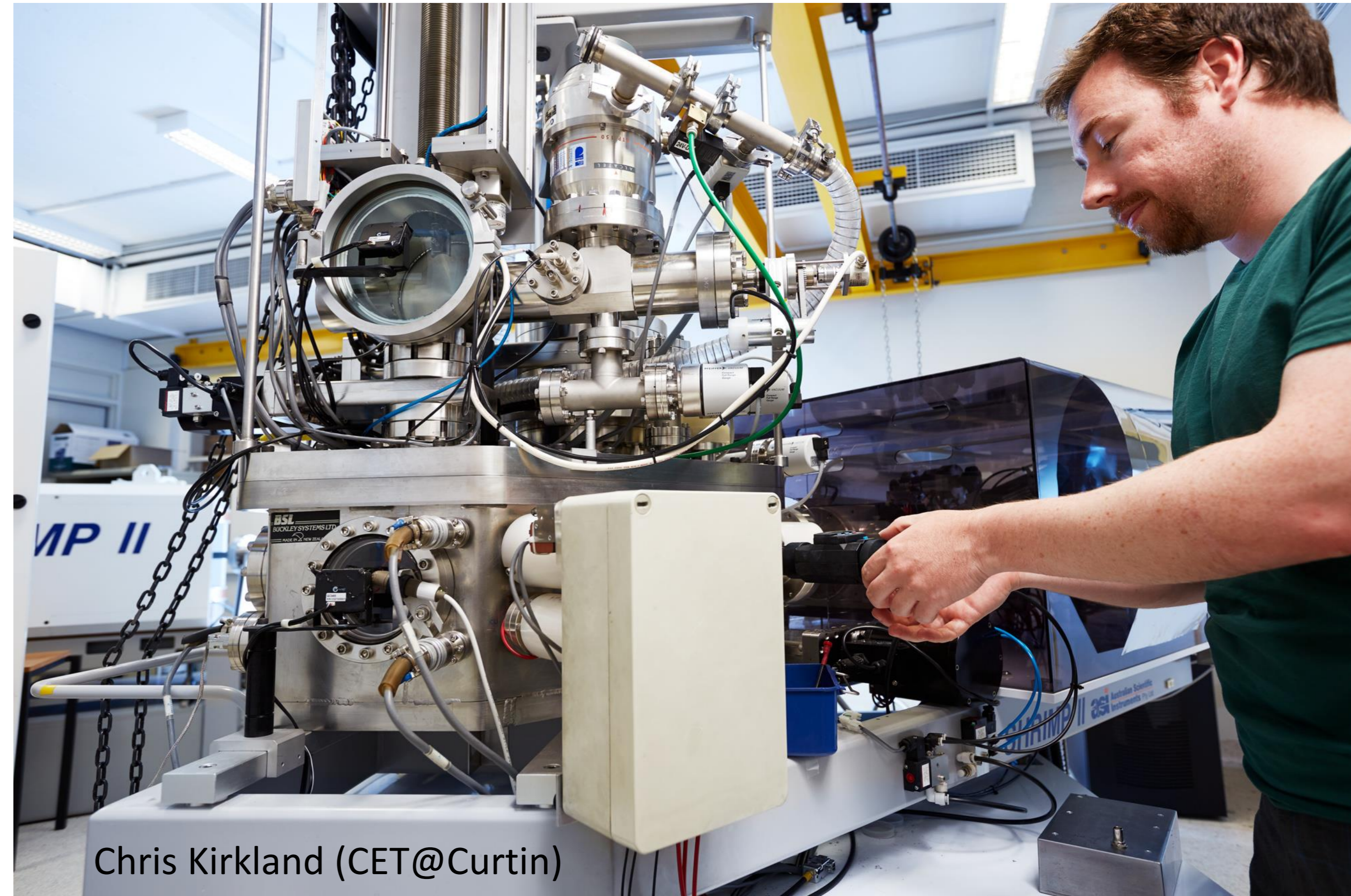
■ GSWA, published in 2017–18 (n = 92)

■ GSWA, published 1995–2017 (n = 1436)

● Geoscience Australia data



## Sensitive High Resolution Ion MicroProbe (SHRIMP)

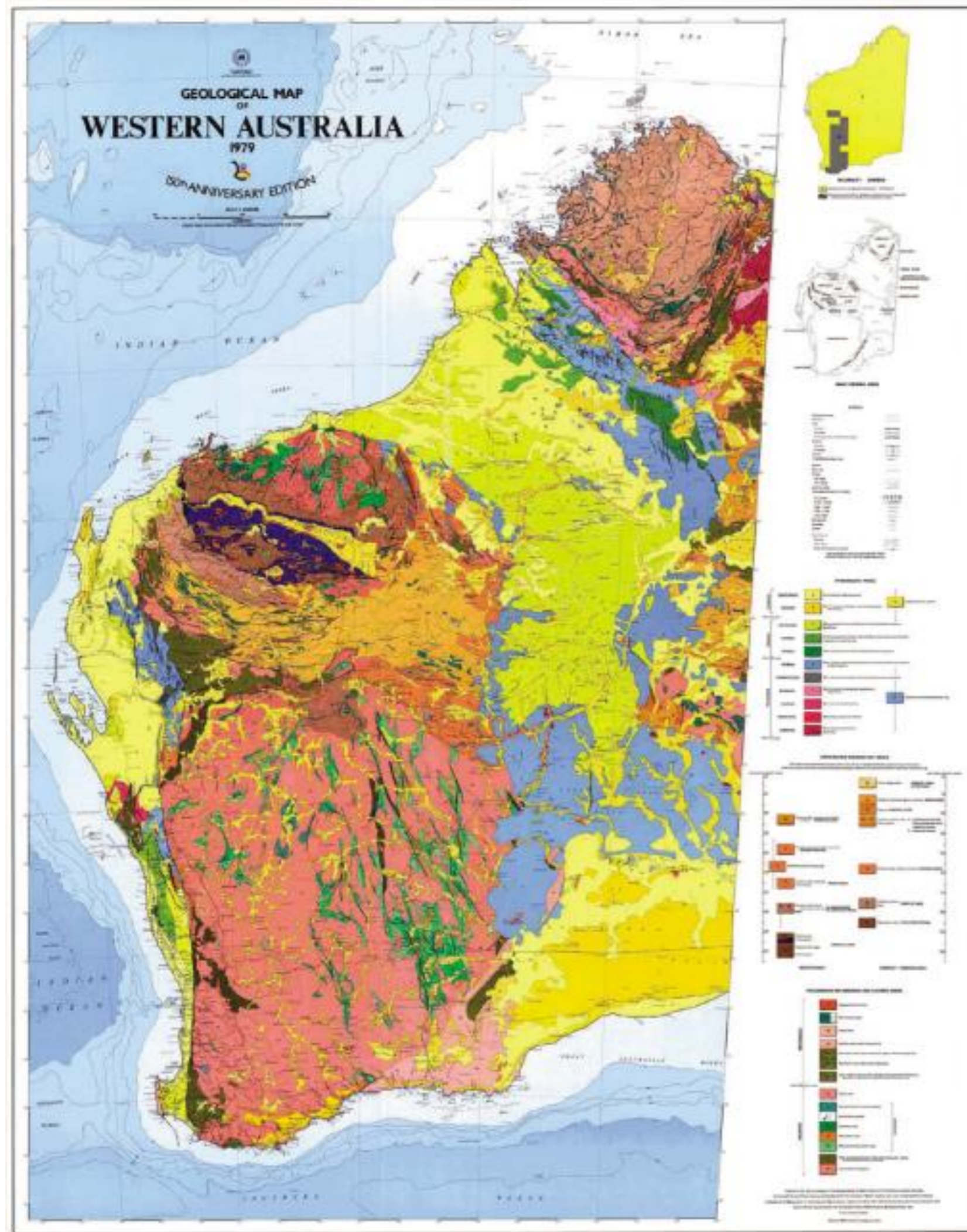


Chris Kirkland (CET@Curtin)

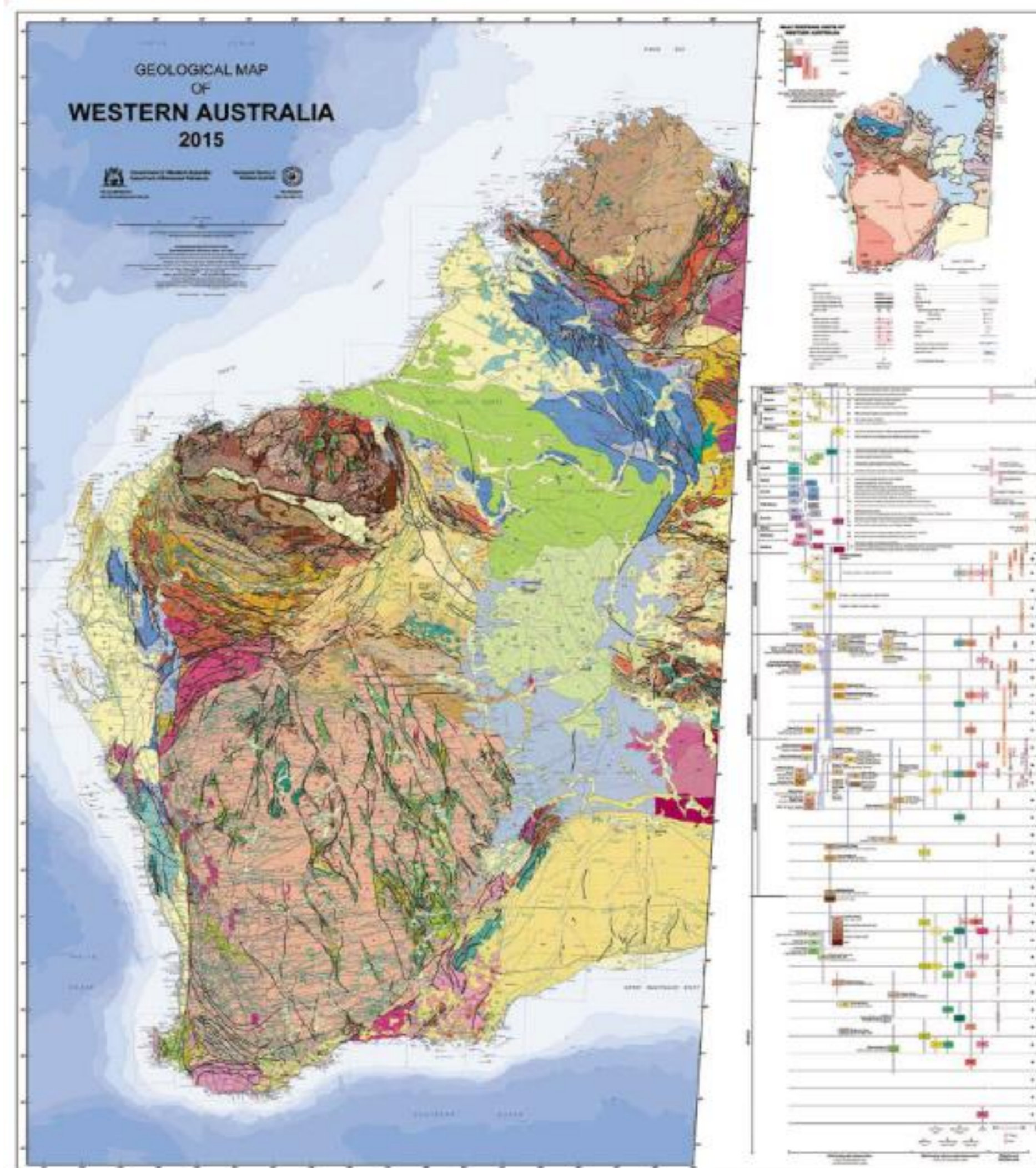
- *GSWA SHRIMP Records: >1500 since 1995*
- *Over 50 PhD graduates supported*



# Impact of Isotope Geoscience on the Geological Map of Western Australia



1979

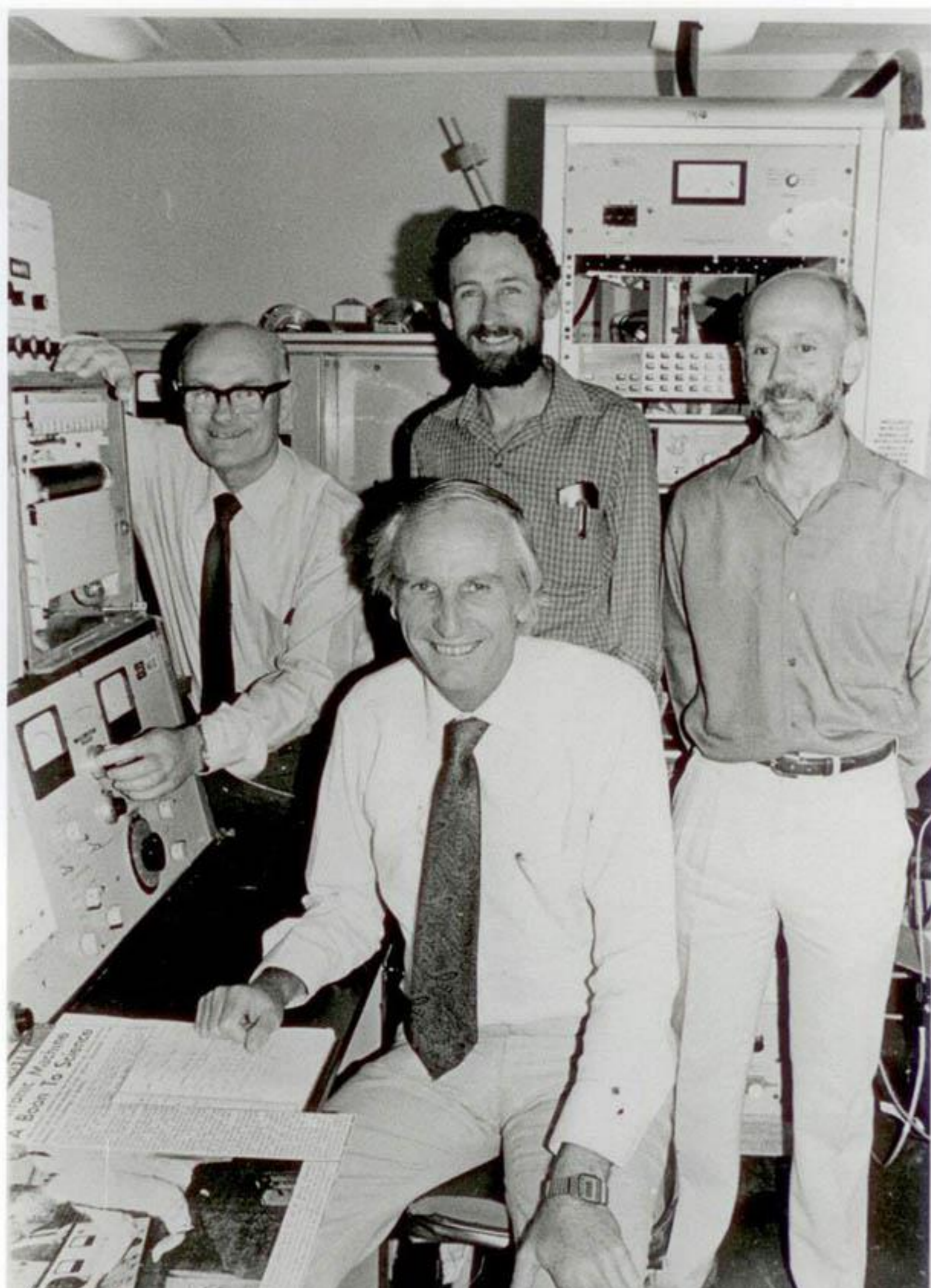


2015

SHRIMP data  
has been  
*instrumental* in  
transforming  
the geological  
map of WA



# Sensitive High Resolution Ion MicroProbe (SHRIMP)



John de Laeter (1993)  
"Atomic machine a boon to science"



January 16, 2019  
Federal government announcement - *Boosting performance of Australia's world-class research facilities*



**\$5,000,000**







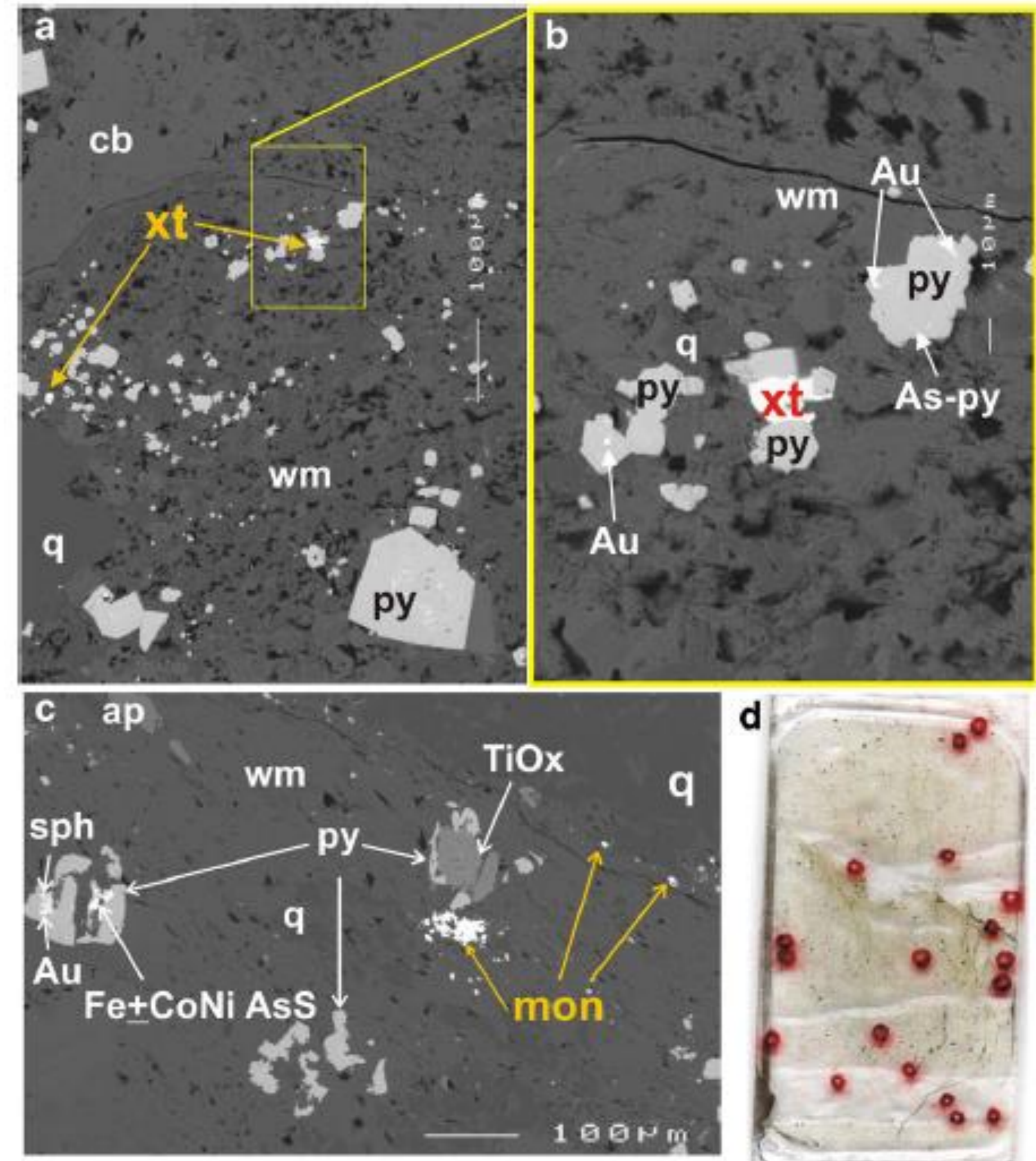


# SHRIMP U-Pb geochronology of Yilgarn orogenic gold deposits using REE-phosphates

## Workflow:

1. Identify **monazite** and **xenotime** in polished thin sections of high-grade gold ores
2. Drill out and prepare a composite mount
3. Verify paragenetic relationship between gold and phosphate minerals using SEM/TIMA
4. Determine age of phosphate minerals using SHRIMP U-Pb dating techniques

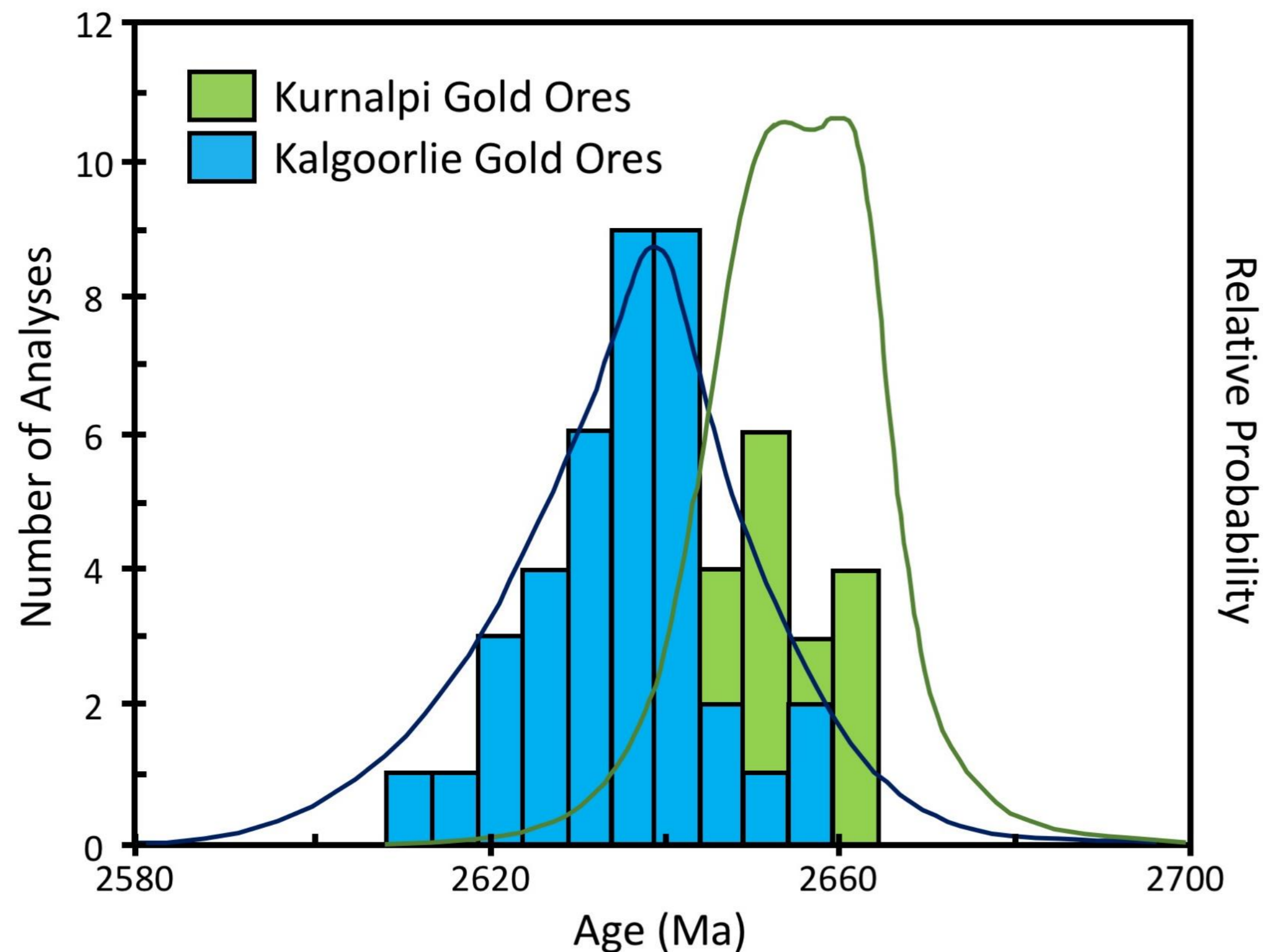
Vielreicher et al, 2015. *Mineralium Deposita*.



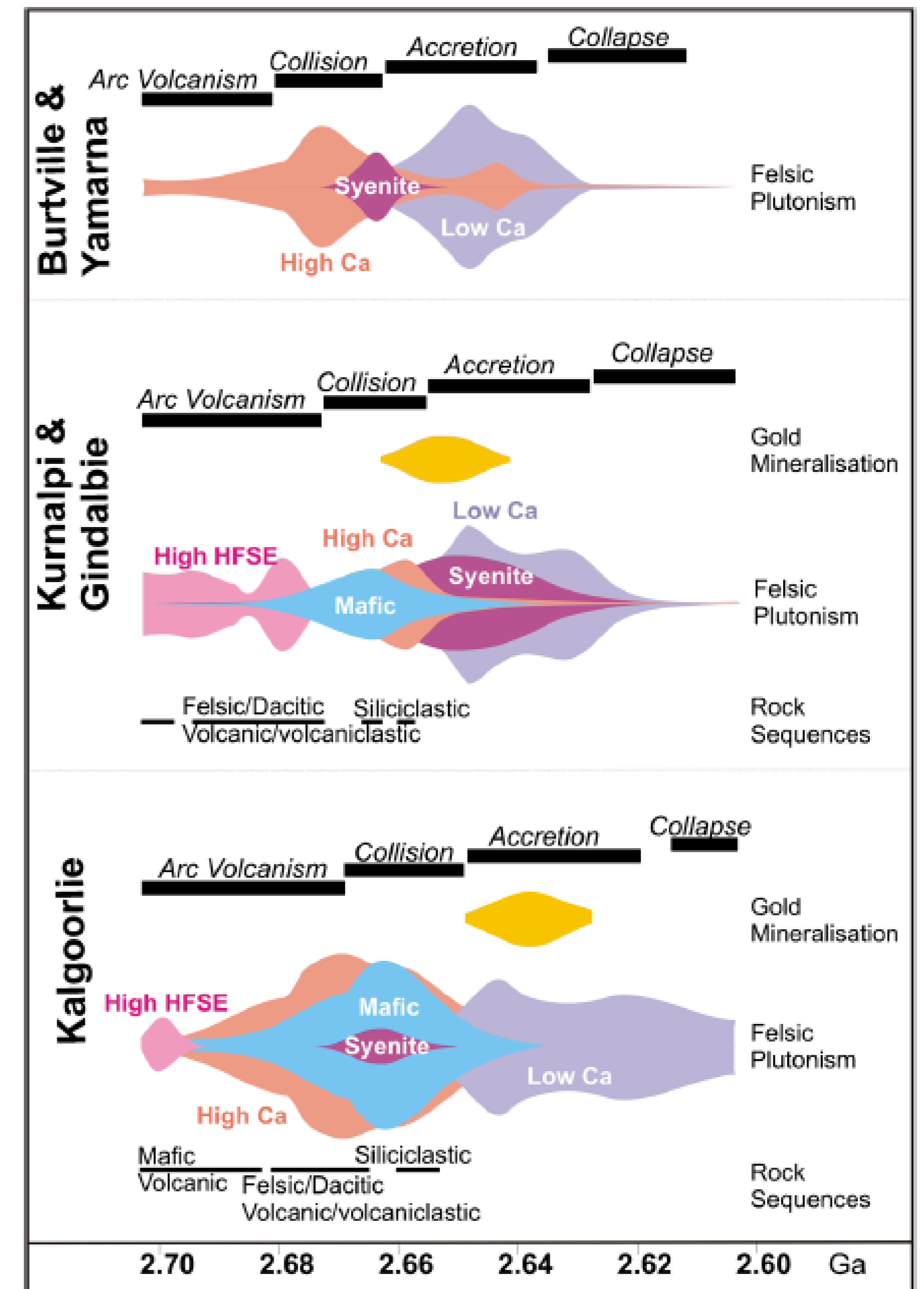


# Tectonic reconstruction of Eastern Goldfields

Ages based on SHRIMP U-Pb geochronology of granites-greenstones (mostly zircon) and orogenic gold (mostly monazite-xenotime)

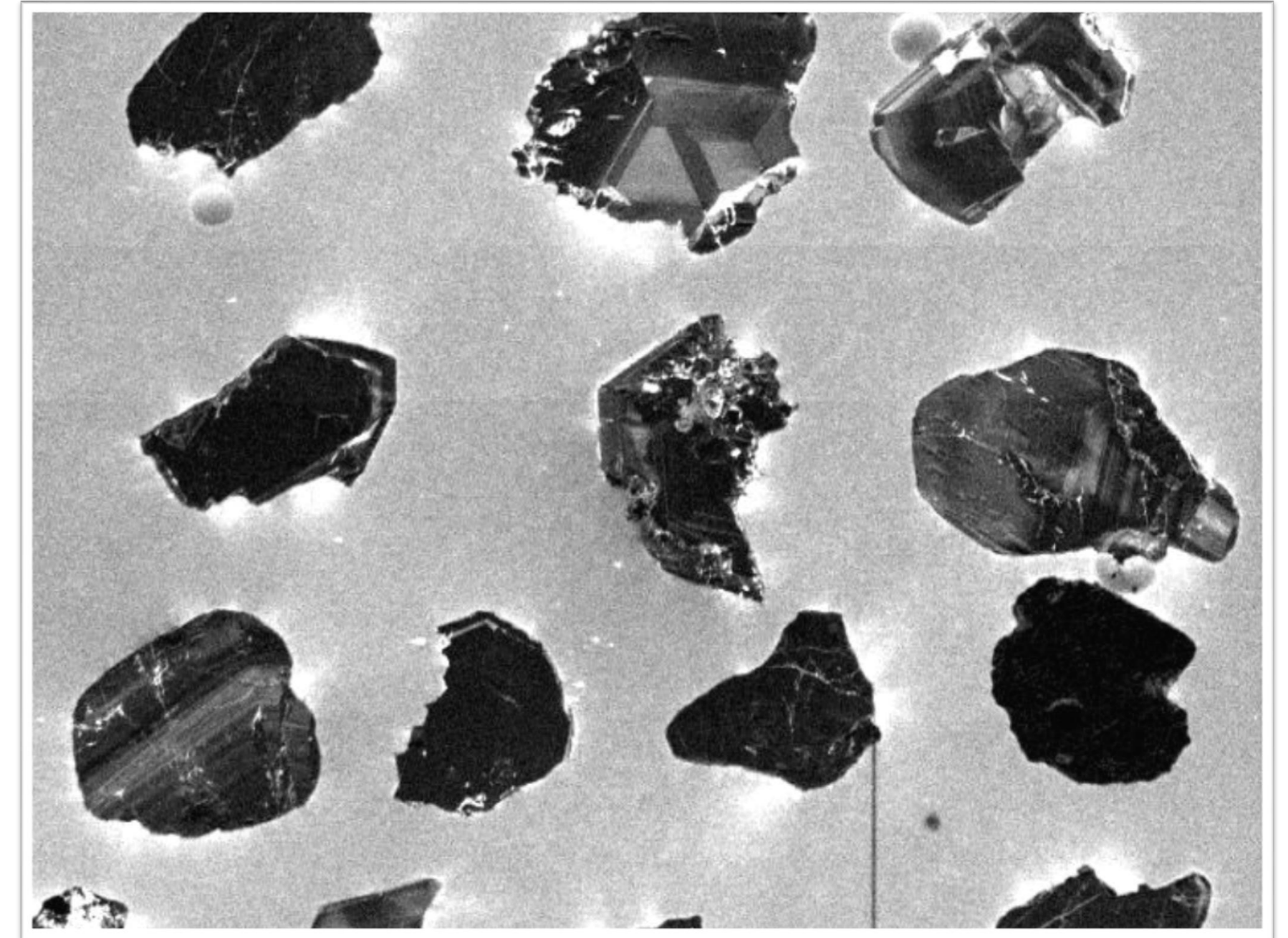


Vielreicher et al, 2015. *Mineralium Deposita*.





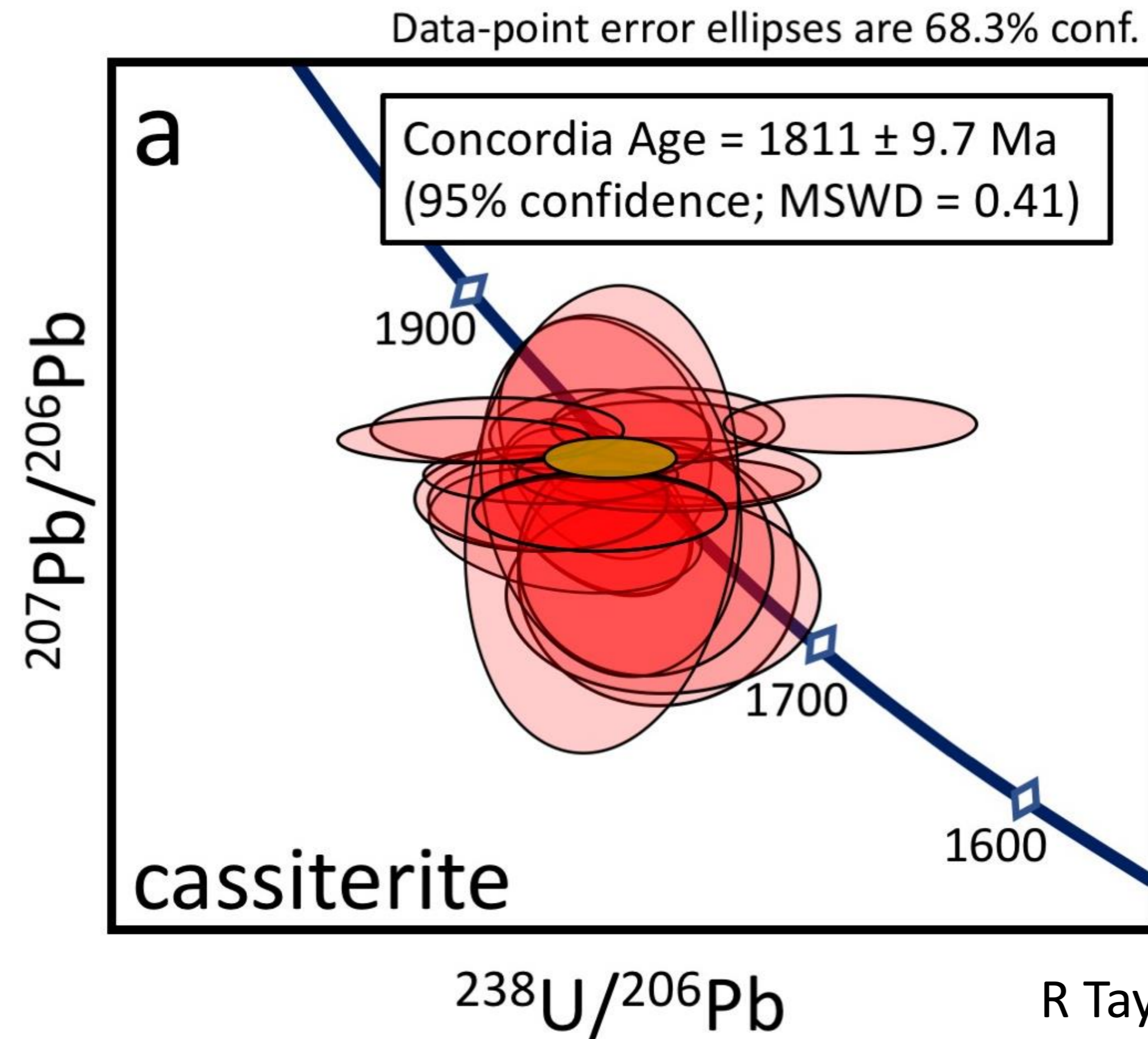
# Regional Exploration – Cassiterite Geochronology



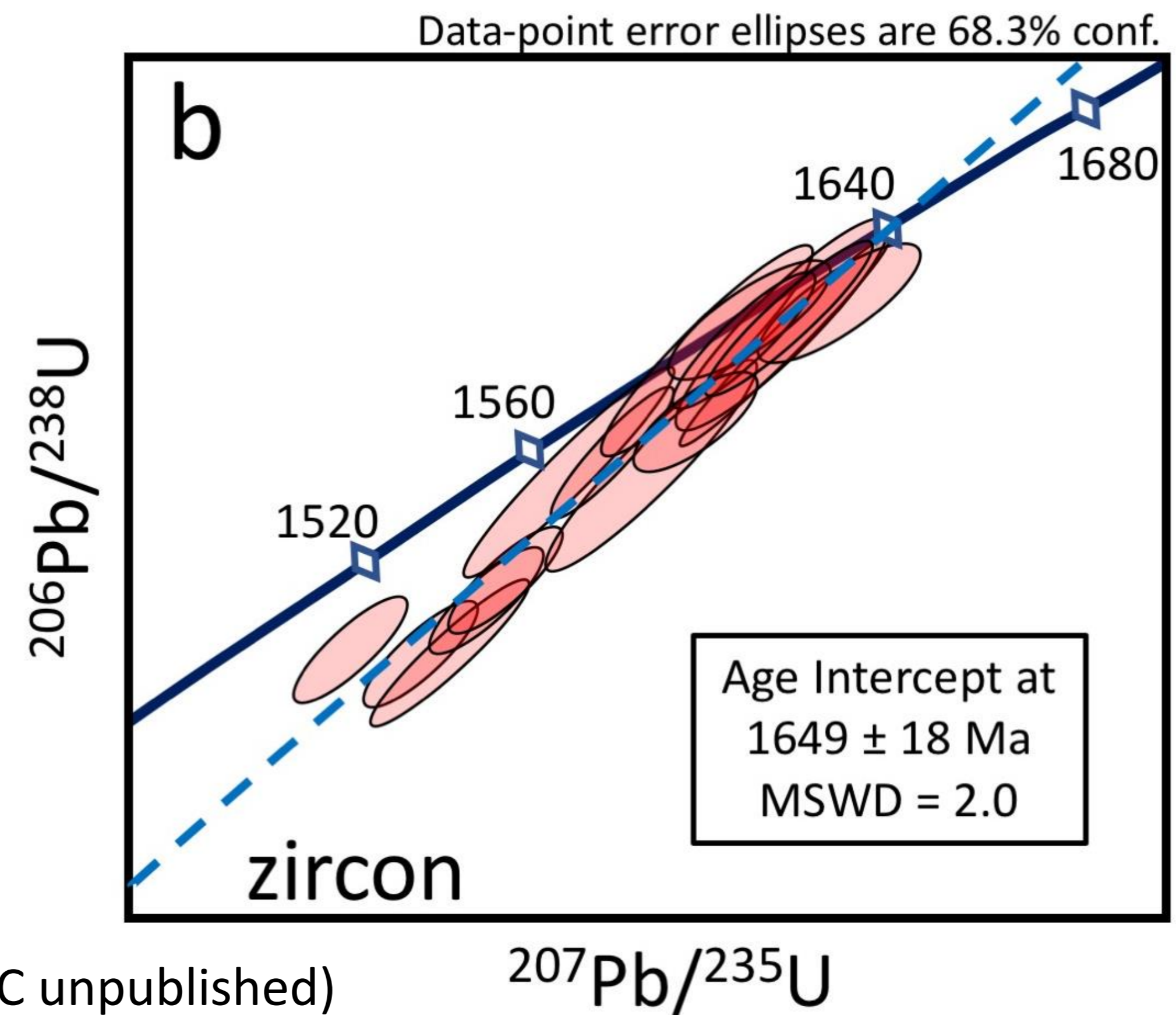
- Regional exploration by heavy mineral sampling detected >500 cassiterite grains
- Where they of igneous origin?
- Can U-Pb dating determine whether they are temporally linked to adjacent granites?



# Regional Exploration – Cassiterite Results



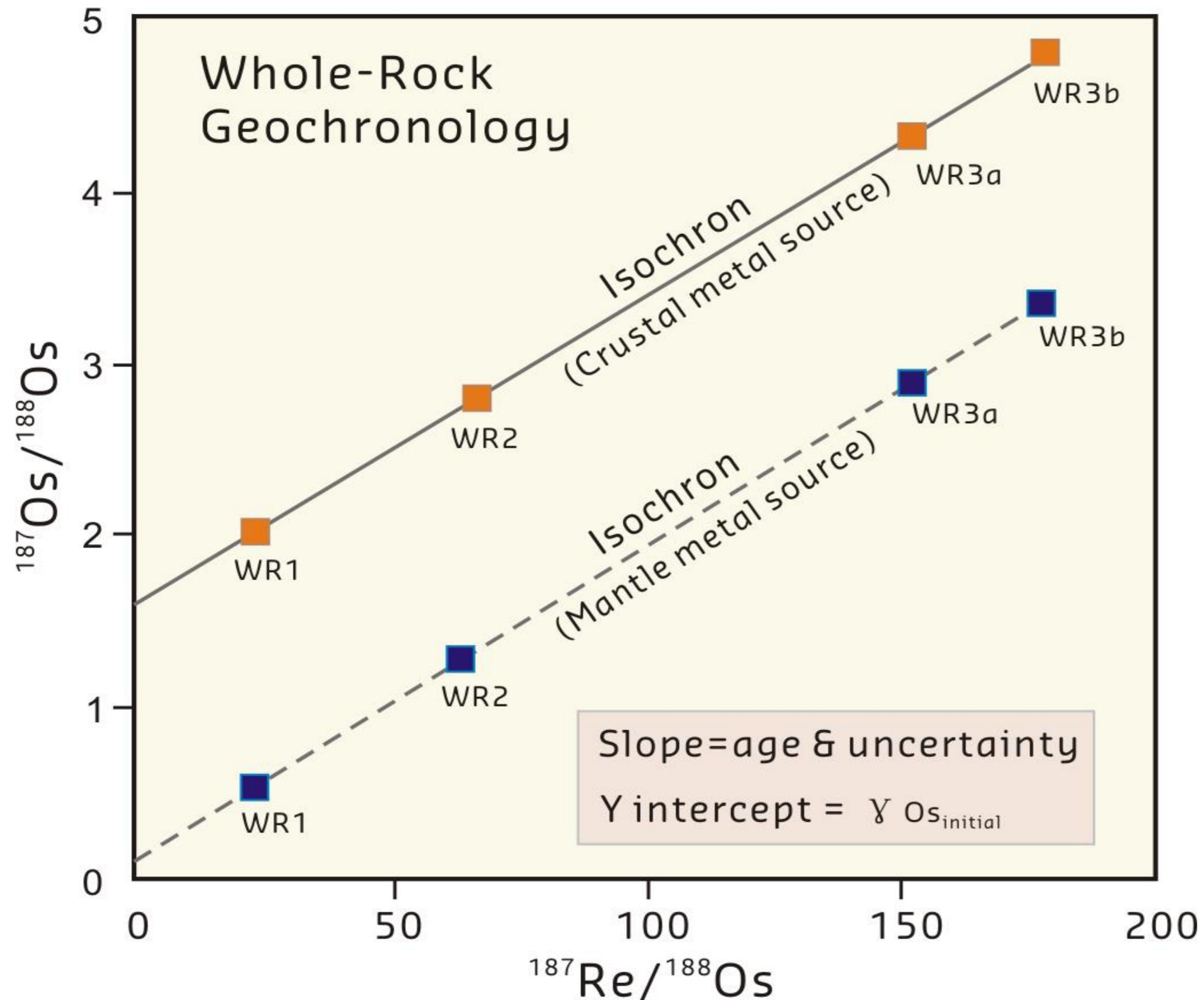
R Taylor (JdLC unpublished)



- Detrital  $\text{SnO}_2$  (1811 Ma) is **160 million years older** than adjacent granite; **no temporal link**
- Report filed 2 years later; company grid-drilled the adjacent granite (>100 holes & 7 km drill)
- “[absence] of key pathfinders...diminished the chance of having an economic Sn deposit”



# MRIWA 446: Re-Os geochronology of WA ore deposits



**Geochronology** – direct dating of ores and black shales formation

**Fingerprinting** of ores or black shales provides provenance information based on initial  $^{187}\text{Os}/^{188}\text{Os}$  ratio from an isochron

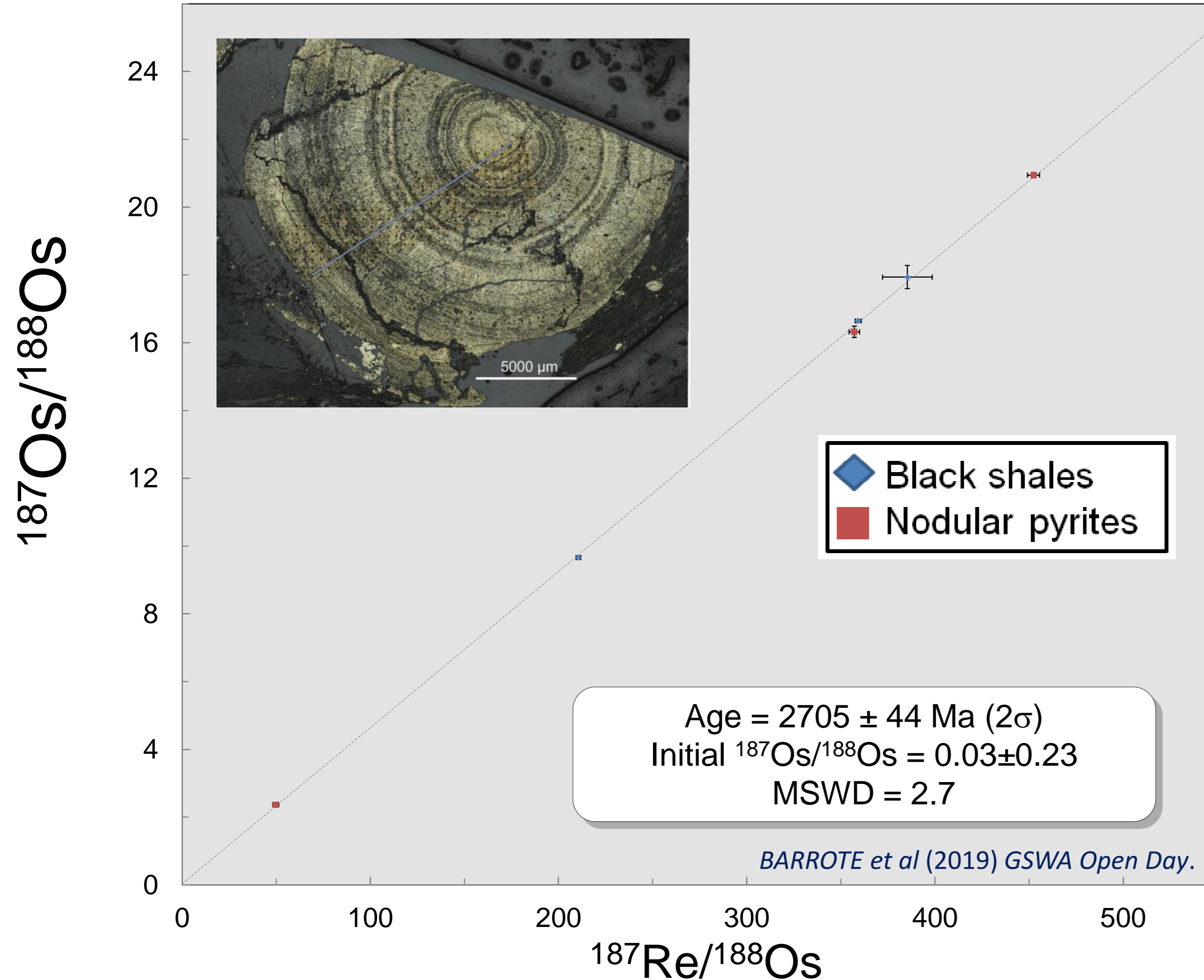
## Poster Session

- Pb-Os systematics of native gold
  - Svetlana Tessalina et al
- Re-Os dating of massive sulphide deposits
  - Vitor Barrote et al

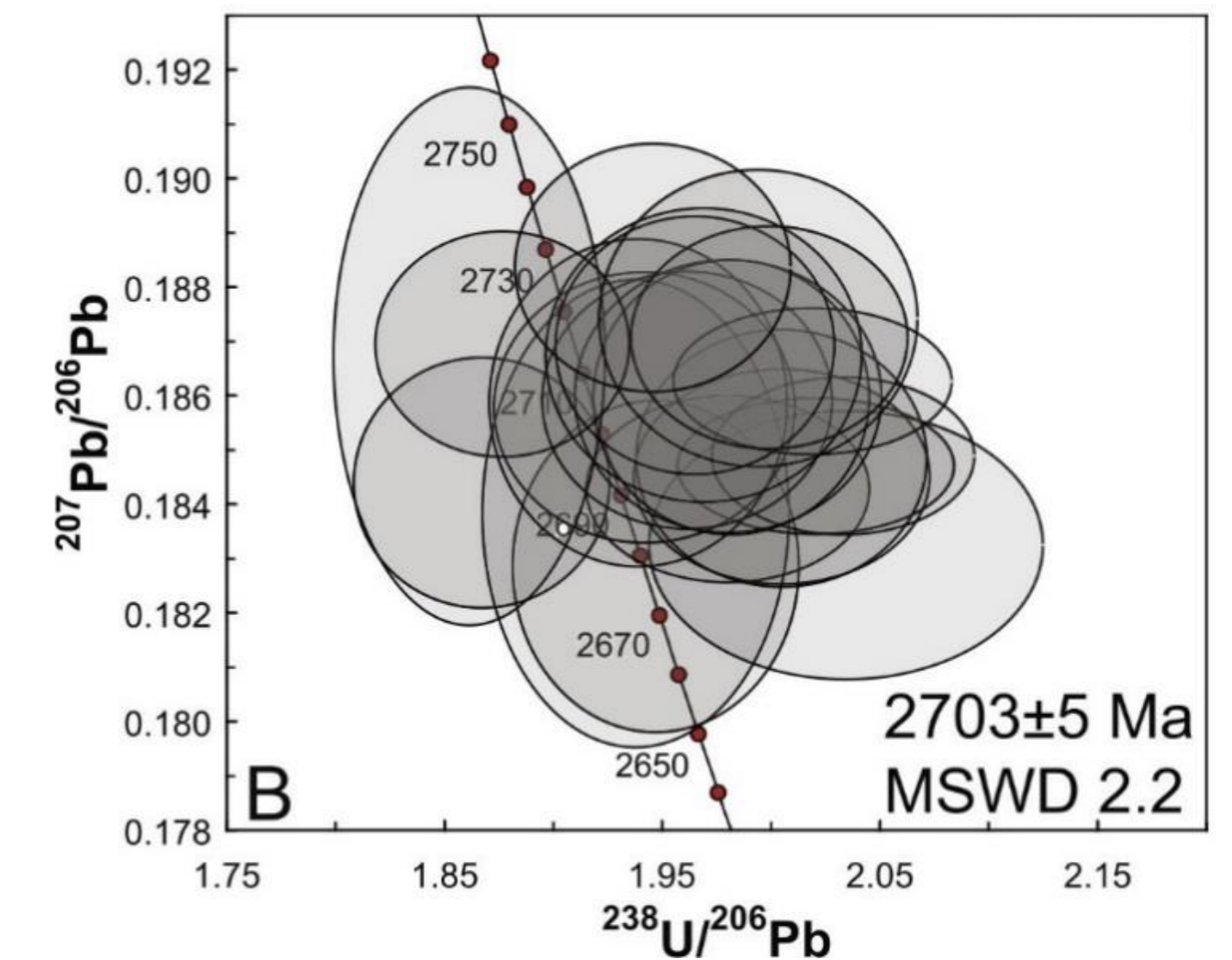
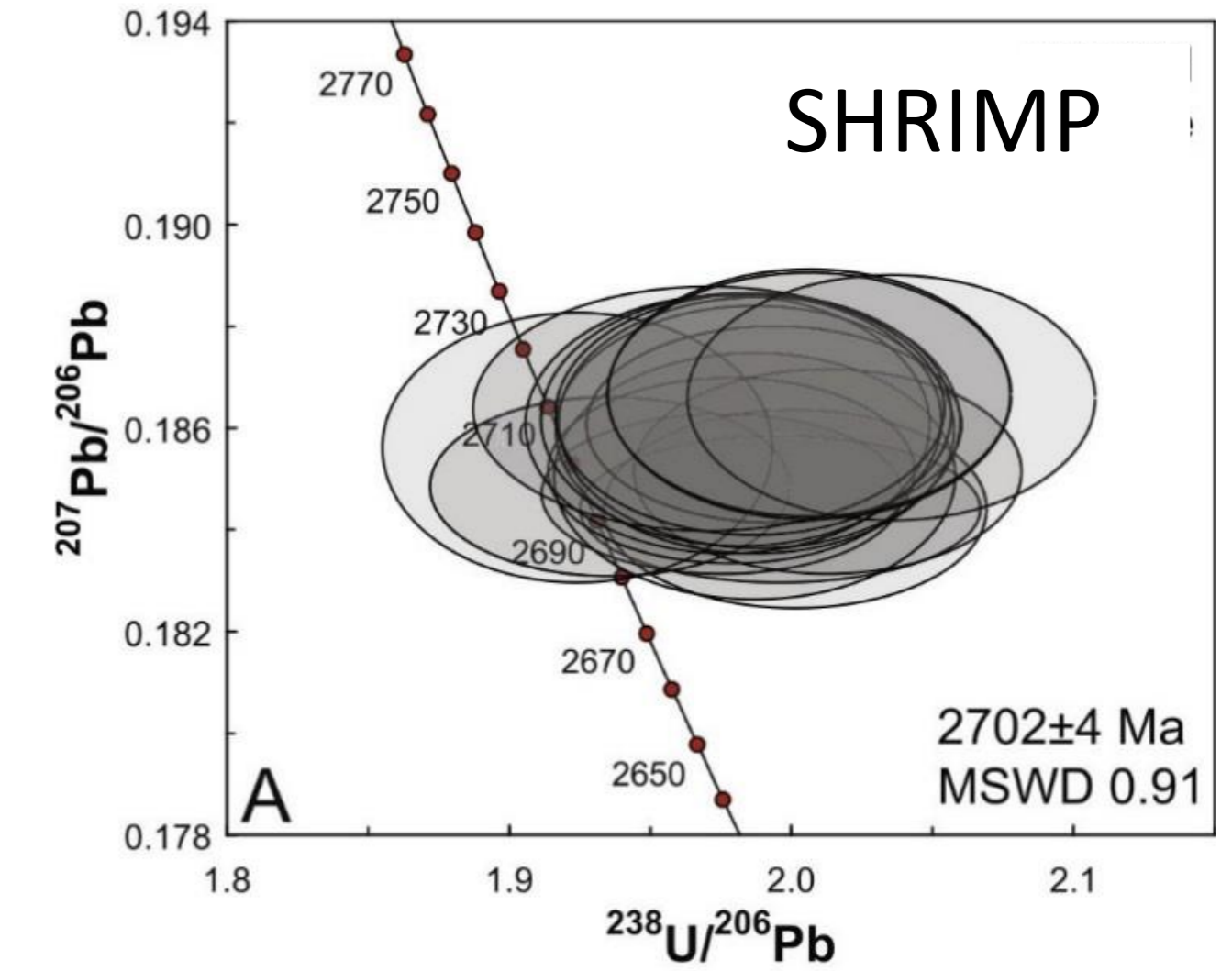
Re-Os isochron diagram  
(McInnes et al. 2008, AJES 55, 967-981)



# Re-Os geochronology of WA ore deposits: Shale-hosted mineralisation



Underlying volcanics





# Callie Au Deposit, Tanami Belt: Re-Os Results Vein Sulfides (po, cpy, py)

Australian Journal of Earth Sciences (2008) 55, (967–981)



Re–Os geochronology and isotope systematics of the Tanami, Tennant Creek and Olympic Dam Cu–Au deposits

B. I. A. McINNES<sup>1\*</sup>, R. R. KEAYS<sup>2</sup>, D. D. LAMBERT<sup>3</sup>, J. HELLSTROM<sup>4</sup> AND J. S. ALLWOOD<sup>5</sup>

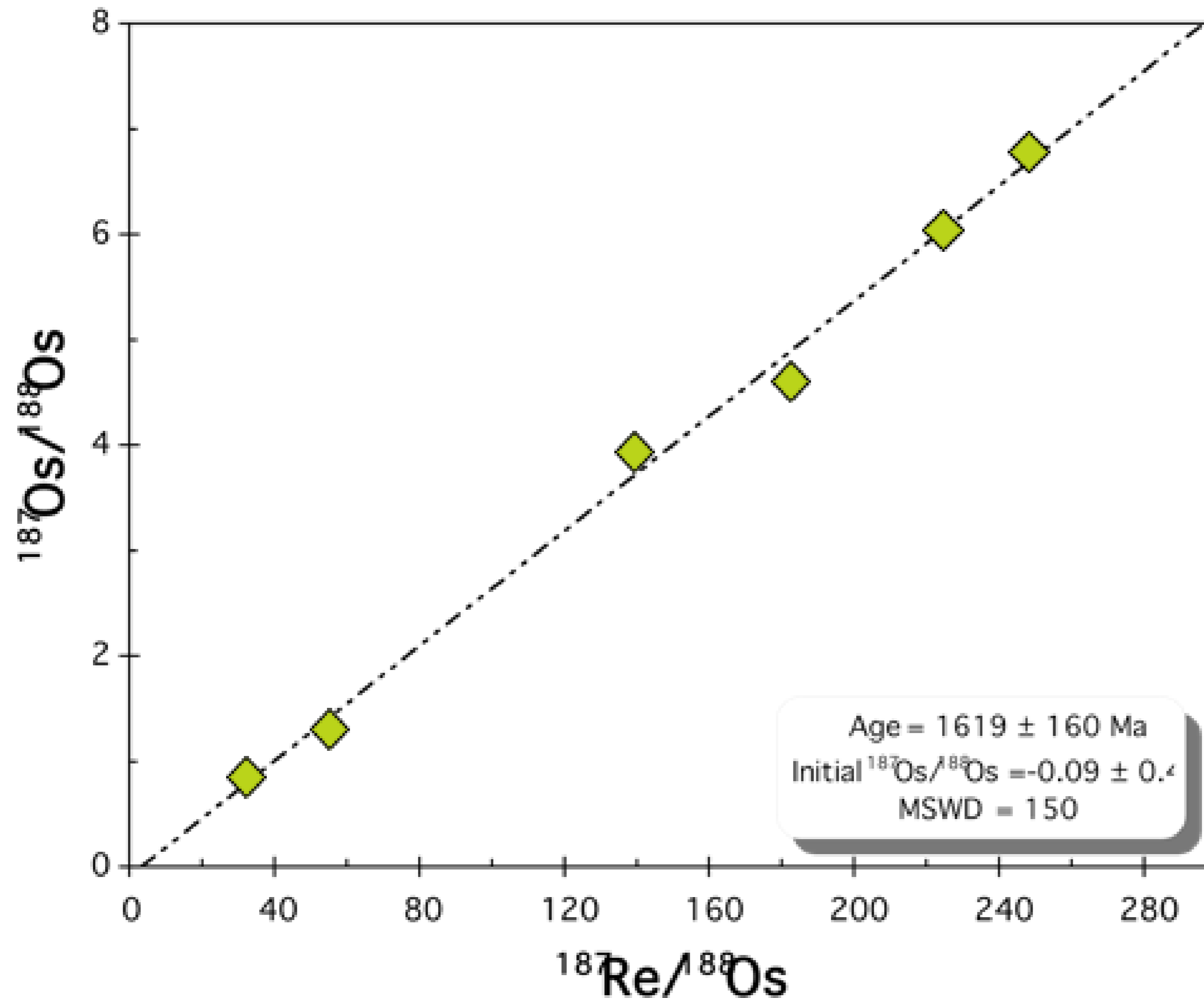
<sup>1</sup>CSIRO Exploration & Mining, PO Box 1130, Bentley, WA 6102, Australia.

<sup>2</sup>School of Geosciences, PO Box 28E, Monash University, Vic. 3800, Australia.

<sup>3</sup>US National Science Foundation, Arlington, VA 22230, USA.

<sup>4</sup>School of Earth Sciences, University of Melbourne, Vic. 3010, Australia.

<sup>5</sup>Geomodelling Ltd, 56 Adelaide Street, Petone, Lower Hutt, New Zealand.

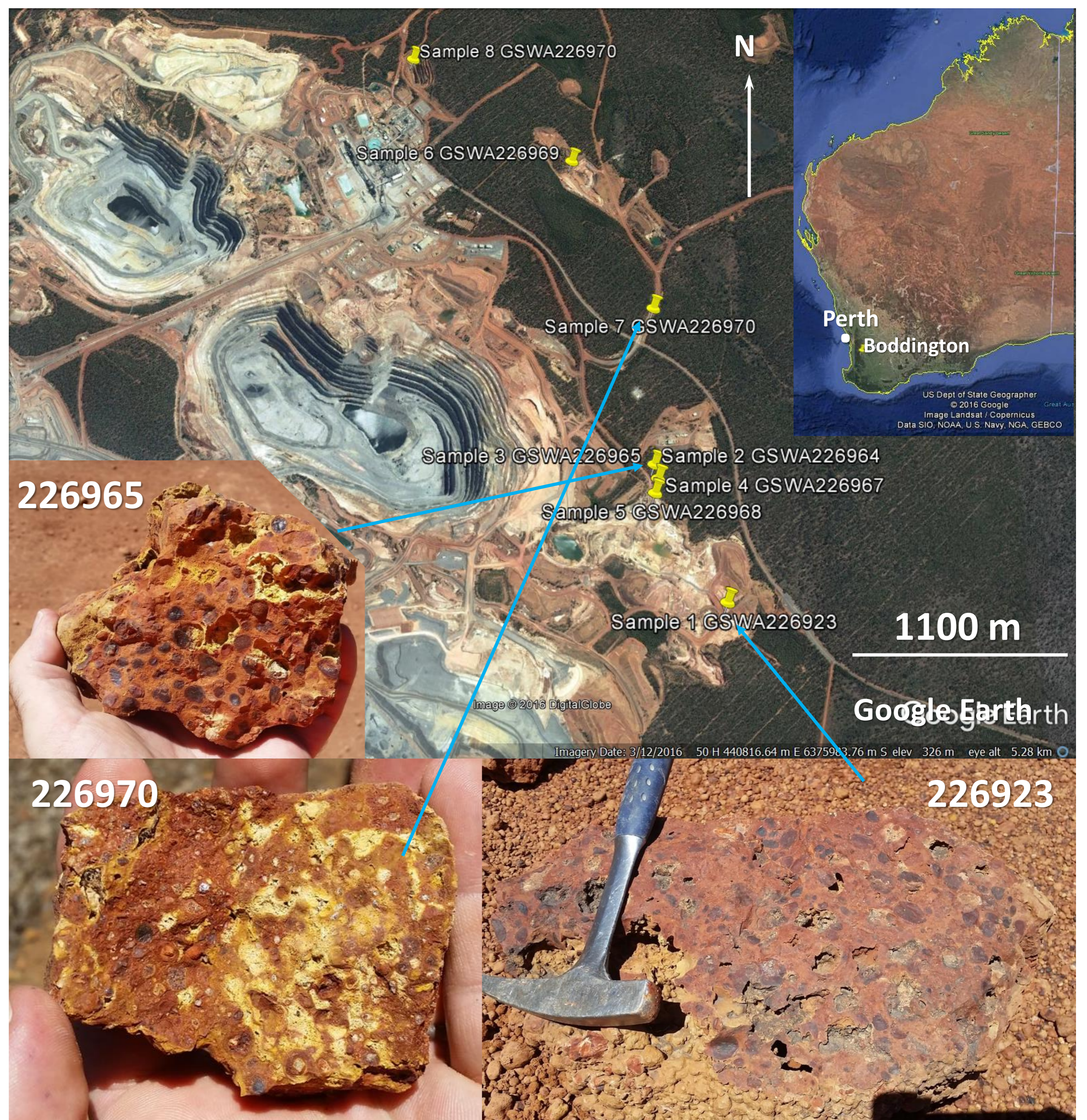


- Mesothermal Au deposits have low Re concentrations requiring **ppt sensitivity**
- Age determination via isochron is possible but **precision demands cutting edge** laboratories
- Implications at Callie are that **mineralisation is post granite emplacement (1810 Ma)**
- **Source of gold is not the crust!**



# Dating of Regolith Materials

- A thick layer of regolith 'blankets' the Australian surface
- Result of continual weathering for 10's to 100's of million years??
- Regolith deposits provide a time-integrated record of weathering processes
- Weathering linked to wetter climate, so understanding the absolute timing of regolith formation is important in better understanding the Australian climate record
- ***Dating of metal anomalies in regolith materials could potentially be used to provide explorers with vectors to source of primary metals***





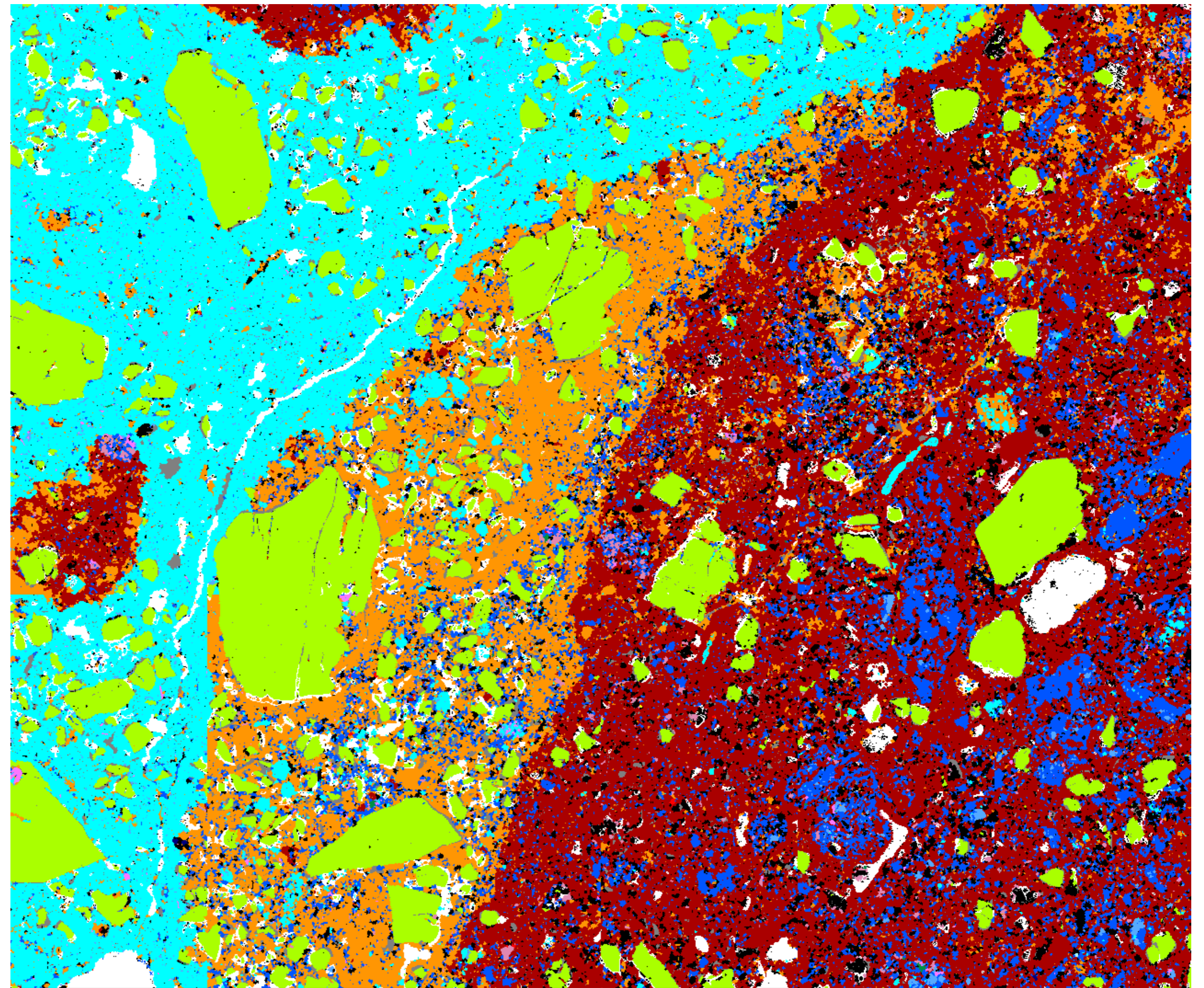
# TIMA Mineral Mapping

Boddington  
Fragmental duricrust

## Primary phases

- Hematite/Maghemite
- Gibbsite+Fe oxides
- Gibbsite+Kaolinite+Fe-oxides
- Quartz
- Gibbsite
- Kaolinite\_Fe-oxides
- Kaolinite
- Mixed Al+Ti+Fe
- Gibbsite+Kaolinite
- Muscovite
- Ilmenite
- Unclassified
- The rest

226970



Mosaic

Phases

TIMA TESCAN

View field: 9.00 mm

Date(m/d/y): 06/06/17

2 mm

226970-1

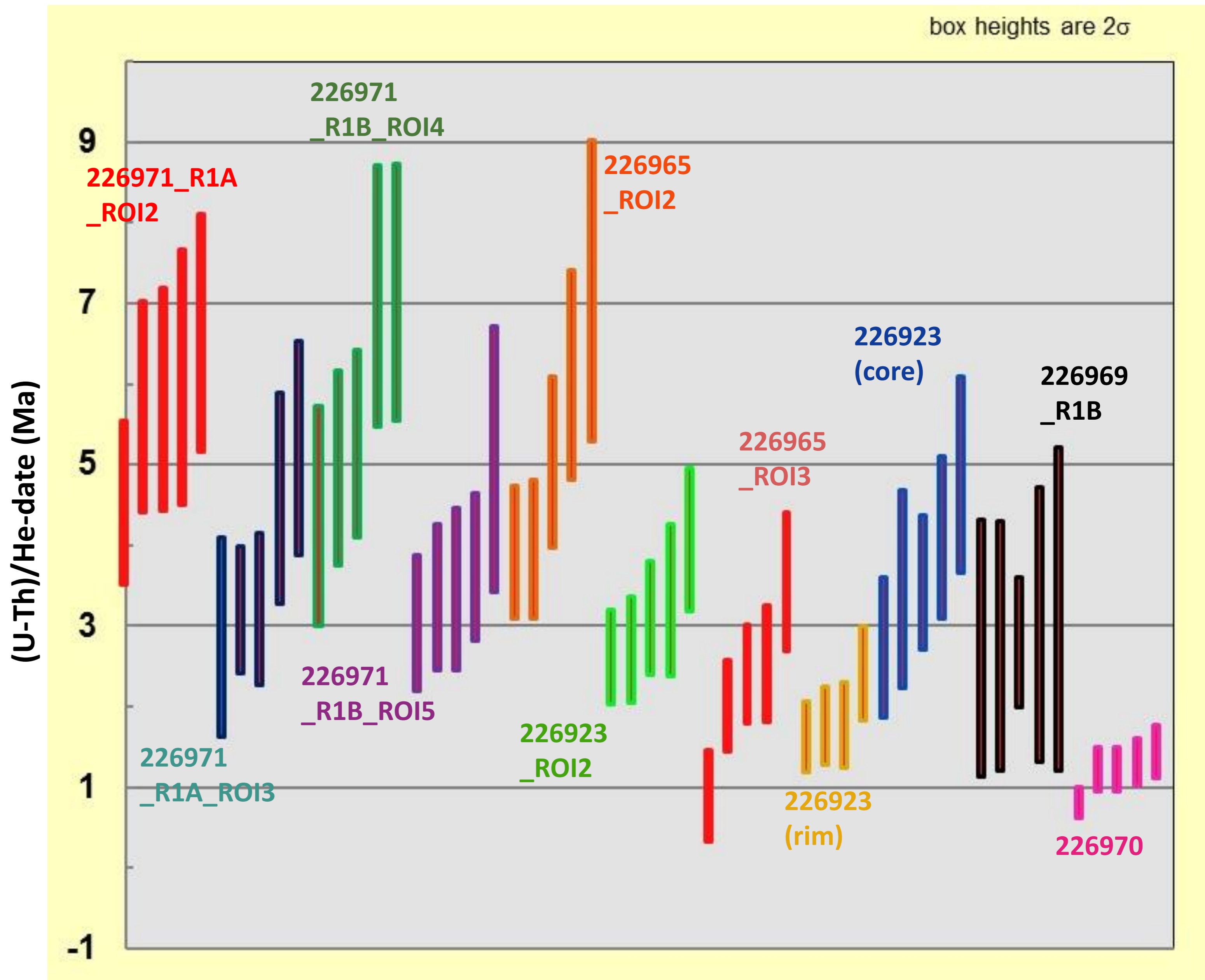
Liberation analysis #2

Martin Wells



# Boddington regolith (U-Th)/He age distribution

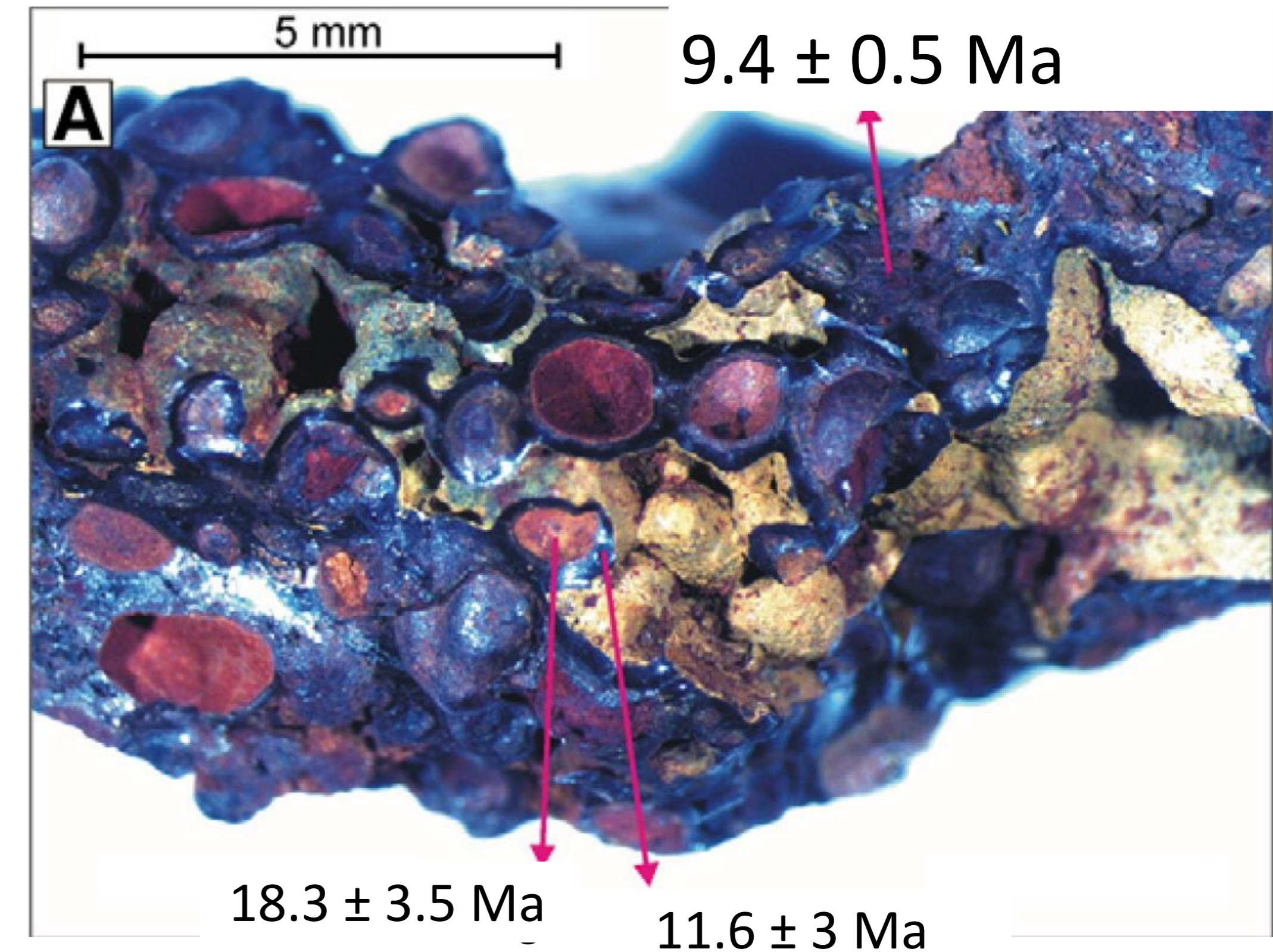
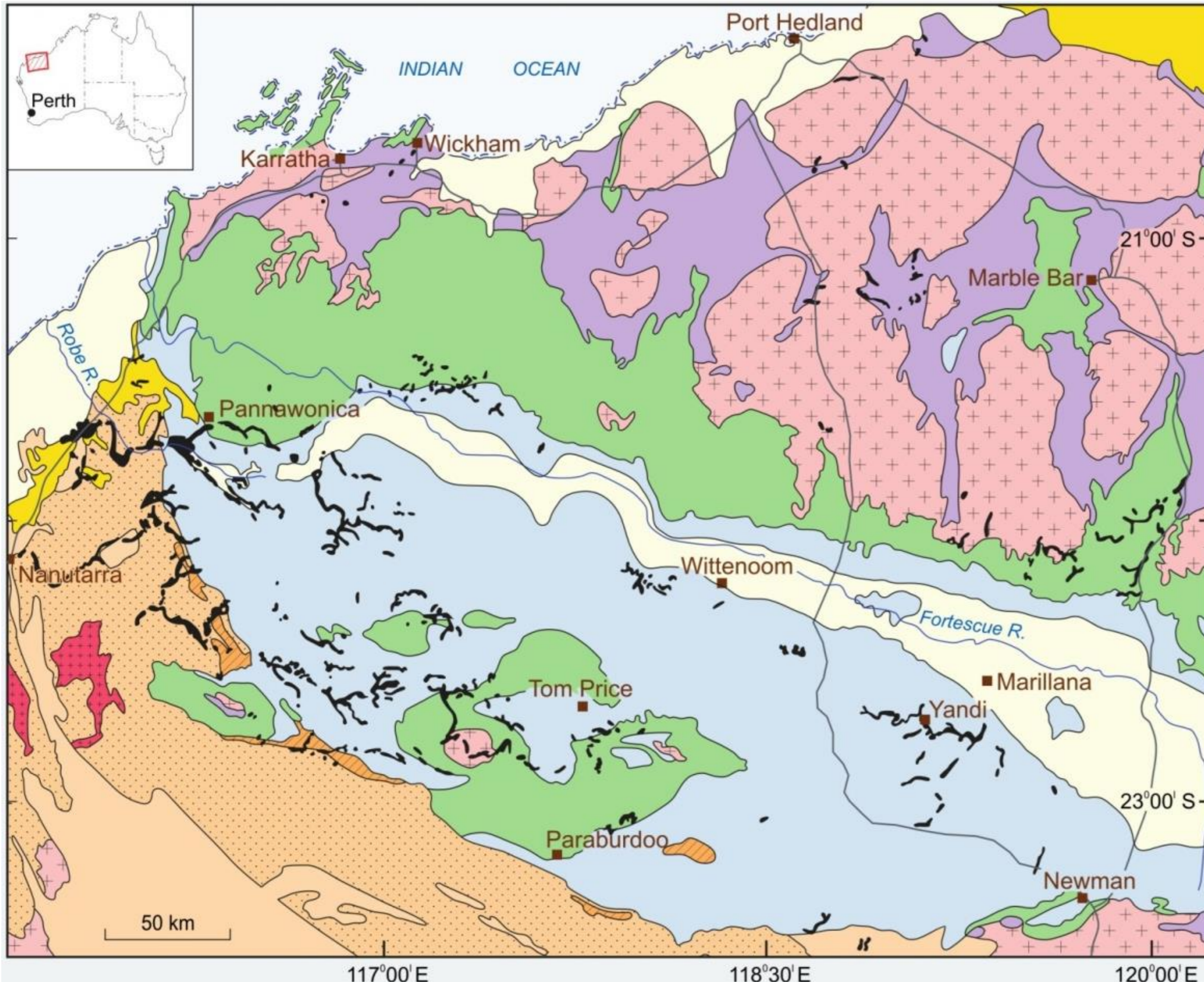
- Late-Miocene/Pliocene age for Boddington duricrust
- Comparable to age of regolith materials from the Darling range (Pidgeon et al., 2004)



(U-Th)/He-dates (Ma) for all BGM duricrust samples. Each coloured bar represents individual replicate measurements; 'size' (height) is measurement error ( $\pm 1 \sigma$ ).



# Low Temperature Oxide Ores: Paleoalluvial Robe River Fe Deposits, WA



Chemical Geology 354 (2013) 150–162



Contents lists available at SciVerse ScienceDirect

Chemical Geology

journal homepage: [www.elsevier.com/locate/chemgeo](http://www.elsevier.com/locate/chemgeo)



(U–Th)/He chronology of the Robe River channel iron deposits, Hamersley Province, Western Australia

Martin Danišik<sup>a,b,\*</sup>, Noreen J. Evans<sup>a,c</sup>, Erick R. Ramanaidou<sup>c</sup>, Brad J. McDonald<sup>a,c</sup>, Celia Mayers<sup>c</sup>, Brent I.A. McInnes<sup>a,c</sup>





# Other JdLC Works at GSWA Open Day

- **Prok Vasilyev**
  - Webb diamond exploration: a geochemical thermodynamic approach
- **Martin Wells**
  - Wolf V-Zn project, Pilbara
- **Mark Aylmore**
  - MRIWA M532 Lithium characterisation in WA battery metal deposits
- **Bryant Ware**
  - Ar-Ar geochronology of mafic dykes



# Summary

- The John de Laeter Centre is a “one-stop shop” for mineralogy, geochemistry and geochronology services.
- Over 25 years of innovative development and application of research techniques for academia, government and industry.
- Proud to have GSWA as a core partner
- Come visit the labs or contact us to discuss your projects!
- Contact Brent McInnes
  - [b.mcinnnes@curtin.edu.au](mailto:b.mcinnnes@curtin.edu.au)
  - Twitter: @JDLCentre
  - <http://jdlc.curtin.edu.au>





Thank you

Make tomorrow better.