PROCESSING OF MISCELLANEOUS LICENCE AND
GENERAL PURPOSE LEASE APPLICATIONS THAT ARE INFRASTRUCTURE
FACILITY TENEMENTS UNDER THE NATIVE TITLE ACT 1993 (NTA)
OR FOR THE PURPOSE OF A SEARCH FOR GROUNDWATER OR TAKING
WATER UNDER SUBDIVISION H OF THE NTA

Categories for Infrastructure

1. Where a miscellaneous licence (L) / general purpose lease (G) application affects
native title and it is for a purpose/s that falls within the following categories, as
described under Section 253 of the NTA it must for NTA purposes be processed in
accordance with Section 24MD(6A) and (6B) of the NTA.

Infrastructure facilities defined under Section 253 of the NTA as:

a. a road, railway, bridge or other transport facility;
b. a jetty or port;
c. an airport or landing strip;
d. an electricity generation, transmission or distribution facility;
e. a storage, distribution or gathering or other transmission facility for:
   i. oil or gas; or
   ii. derivatives of oil or gas;
f. a storage or transport facility for coal, any other mineral or any mineral concentrate;
g. a dam, pipeline, channel or other water management, distribution or reticulation
   facility;
h. a cable, antenna, tower or other communication facility;
i. any other thing that is similar to any or all of the things mentioned in paragraphs (a)
to (h) and that the Commonwealth Minister determines in writing to be an infra-
structure facility for the purposes of this paragraph.

Note: A search for groundwater / taking water is considered not to fall under Section 253
but under Section 24HA of the NTA.

Section 24MD(6A) and (6B) of the NTA

2. These provisions require two processes to be followed:

   i. Firstly Section 24MD(6A) provides that registered native title claimants and
      holders have the same procedural rights as they would have in relation to
      the grant of a L or G on the assumption that they instead held freehold title
      to the land concerned, including the right to be notified (by the tenement
      applicant) and the right to object to the Warden.

      Procedural rights for the owner of a freehold title when that land is affected
      by a mining tenement application include the right to be notified, i.e. the
      applicant serves the owner and occupier with a copy of the Form 21 and a
      plan (Section 33).
ii. Secondly Section 24MD(6B) provides that the Department notifies native
title holders/claimants and representative bodies of the L or G application
and the claimants/holders have two months to object.

Applicant Action Section 24MD(6A) and Procedural Rights

3. The title applicant is required to provide native title claimants or holders with
procedural rights under Section 24MD(6A).

One way to do this is to send by registered post a copy of the Form 21 and a plan
within 14 days of lodging the application to each native title claimant/holder
affected. The Mining Registrar will return copies of the application for service
and/or holder will also provide a copy of a Tengraph ‘quick appraisal’ to assist in
determining what native title claims/holder are affected. It should be noted that the
onus is on the applicant to be satisfied as to what native title claims are affected.
Claimant/holder details and the address for notices can be obtained from the
National Native Title Tribunal, Perth Principal Registry, 1 Victoria Avenue Perth
6000, Freecall 1800 640 501, phone [08] 9425 1000, fax [08] 9425 1193, website,

Proof of service should be provided to the Mining Registrar in the same way that
proof of service on a pastoralist is given, ie. copy of the registered post slip and
including details in the affidavit normally returned to the Mining Registrar.

Note: Native title claimants may object under Mining Act provisions, on the basis
that the Act provides that any person can object and these objections will be
heard by the Warden.

Department of Mines, Industry Regulation and Safety (DMIRS) Action, Section
24MD(6B)

4. For ‘infrastructure facility’ applications the Department will take action to comply
with the requirements of Section 24MD(6B), once the application is Mining Act
compliant, i.e.; -
   i. Send written notification of the application to native title claimants/holder
and representative bodies; and
   ii. Set a two-month period during which objections (under s.24 (6B)) may be
lodged.

The Department will notify all parties should an objection be lodged and accepted.

Note: Objections made under s.24 (6B) (d) must be lodged with the Department’s
Tenure and Native Title Branch Perth office; and under s.24 (6B) (f)
objections may be heard by an independent person/body appointed by the
State.

Obligation to Consult

5. Where an objection is lodged, under Section 24MD(6B) of the Native Title Act the
tenement applicant must consult with the objecting claimants/holder about ways of
minimizing the act’s impact on registered native title rights and interests in relation
to the land or waters and, if relevant, any access to the land or waters or the way in
which any thing authorised by the Act might be done.

Section 24HA of the NTA – Management of Water and Airspace

6. A Miscellaneous Licence for the purpose of “search for groundwater” or for “taking
water” will be processed by the Department when Mining Act compliant under the
provisions of Section 24HA of the NTA. This requires the Department to notify any
representative Aboriginal / Torres Strait Islander bodies, registered native title
bodies corporate and registered native title claimants of the act to be done (grant of the tenement application).

The notified native title party has the right to comment on the act or class of acts to be done.

*For further information please contact the [Senior Native Title Officer](mailto:senior-native-title-officer@mines.industryregulationandsafety.gov.au) at the Department of Mines, Industry Regulation and Safety on [08] 9222 3518 or Fax [08] 9222 3439.*