

Table 2 – Requirements for transporting explosives that do not require an explosives transport licence

Name	Threshold quantity (kg)	United Nations (UN) No.	Class	Explosives transport licence required	Authorisation from Firearms Branch ¹	Limited security provisions ²	Packaging ³	Not affected by alcohol or drugs ⁴	Driver requirements	Fire safety and emergency requirements	
									Dangerous goods security clearance / secure nominee / explosives driver licence	No ignition sources or fire risk substances brought near	Incident assistance, notification and reporting ⁵
Ammunition	Any quantity	0012 or 0014	1.4S	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Primers		0044	1.4S								
Propellant powders	≤ 50	0160 or 0161	1.1C or 1.3C								
Black powders	≤ 4	0027 or 0028	1.1D								
Flares	≤ 50*	0092	1.3G								
Flares	≤ 250*	0191 or 0373	1.4G or 1.4S								
Railway track signals	≤ 50*	0492	1.3G		Yes						
Railway track signals	≤ 250*	0493 or 0193	1.4G or 1.4S								
Other emergency devices	≤ 50*	Various	1.3G								
Other emergency devices	≤ 250*	Various	1.4G or 1.4S								
Cartridges, power device	Any quantity	0275	1.3C								
Cartridges, power device		0276	1.4C								
Cartridges, power device		0323	1.4S								
Sparklers		0336 or 0337	1.4G or 1.4S	No							
Model rocket motors⁶		0336 or 0337	1.4G or 1.4S								
Smoke generators		≤ 250*	0197 or 0507		1.4G or 1.4S	Yes					
Unrestricted fireworks⁷		Any quantity	0337	1.4S	not applicable						

* Gross weights of the products, not the net explosive quantity (NEQ).

1. When transporting these explosives authorisation to be a commercial carrier is also required from the Firearms Branch, Western Australian Police Department.

2. In all instances, other than for sparklers and model rocket motors, a person must have a reasonable reason to be in possession of the explosives.

3. Packages must be of an approved standard and correctly labelled as required by the *Australian Code for the Transport of Explosives by Road and Rail, 3rd edition (AEC3)*.

4. A person must not handle the explosives, or be on a vehicle transporting explosives, if affected by either alcohol or a drug (to an extent that it increases the risk).

5. Where an incident occurs involving an explosive that results in a dangerous situation, the prime contractor must provide reasonable assistance to deal with the situation and notify the Department of Mines and Petroleum and provide the Department with a written report within 21 days of the incident.

6. A NEQ for each individual motor of not more than 62.5 g.

7. Is a percussion cap for a toy or starting pistol; a party popper (streamer cone) in which the NEQ is not more than 5 g; a snap for bob bon or Christmas cracker in which the NEQ is not more than 1.6 g per 1,000 of such articles; throwdown in which the NEQ is not more than 2.6 g per 1,000 of such articles.