Receiving a prohibition notice

An inspector or assistant inspector may issue a prohibition notice, when he or she is of the opinion that:

• someone is contravening, or has contravened, the *Mines Safety and Inspection Act 1994* or regulations in circumstances that make it likely that the contravention will continue or be repeated, and the contravention creates a hazard or is likely to create a hazard to any person

or

• the mine, plant, mining practice or hazardous substance at, or related to the mine, is dangerous or likely to become dangerous to any person.

A prohibition notice requires the recipient to remedy the matter or activity or remove the hazard or likely hazard. The notice must contain:

- the name of the person (which includes in every case the principal employer or manager) being issued with the notice
- a description of the activity that is contravening the Mines Safety and Inspection Act 1994 or Mines Safety and Inspection Regulations 1995
- the section of the Act or regulations contravened, or the dangerous mine, plant, mining practice or hazardous substance
- the grounds for the inspector or assistant inspector's opinion
- a summary of the right of review

A prohibition notice may require the person who has control of the circumstances (which may be the principal employer or manager) to:

- stop work at the mine or a specified part of the mine
- refrain from doing any specified thing at or in relation to the mine
- remove all persons from the mine or a specified part of the mine

except to the extent that the prohibition notice provides, either with or without conditions, until the inspector or assistant inspector is satisfied that the matter has been remedied



